

PRODUCT DATASHEET

PRMT5/MEP50 Complex

(Protein Arginine Methyltransferase 5/Methylosome Protein 50)

CATALOG NO.: HMT-22-148 **LOT NO.: 2428**

DESCRIPTION: Human recombinant PRMT5 (residues 2-637 (C-terminus); Genbank Accession # NM_006109; N-terminal StrepII and Flag-tag; MW = 76.3) in complex with human recombinant MEP50 (residues 2-342 (C-term.), NM_024102; N-terminal His-tag; MW = 39.9 kDa). Produced by co-expression in an insect cell/baculovirus expression system. PRMT5, a type II arginine methyltransferase, catalyzes the transfer of a methyl group from S-adenosyl-L-methionine (SAM) to an ω-nitrogen of the guanidino function of protein L-arginine residues (ω-monomethylation) and the transfer of a second methyl group to the other ω-nitrogen, yielding symmetric dimethylarginine (sDMA)¹. Structural studies show the PRMT5/MEP50 complex to consist of four heterodimers². PRMT5 catalytic activity is weak when not complexed with MEP50, which may be due to MEP50's role in substrate binding³. A component of multiple macromolecular complexes (e.g. 20S Methylosome, Swi/Snf), PRMT5/MEP50 is located in both the nucleus and cytoplasm, modifies a variety of substrates and plays roles in chromatin remodeling, RNA processing, and regulation of gene expression, cell growth and differentiation (see reviews².4.5). Its pro-proliferative effects⁶⁻⁹ and their association with multiple cancers (lung¹0.1¹, breast⁹, ovarian¹2, lymphoid⁻7.8) has led to increasing interest in PRMT5 as a target for anti-cancer therapy.

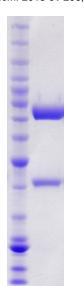
PURITY: >95% by SDS-PAGE.

ASSAY CONDITIONS: RBC's PRMT5/MEP50 Complex displays substantial methyltransferase activity from [³H]-SAM to several protein substrates (histone H4, GST-GAR, core histones) and especially recombinant human histone H2A (Cat. #HMT-11-146; see Figure, below). Activity was determined as TCA-precipitated counts in a scintillation/filter plate assay (Multiscreen FB, Topcount). Reaction conditions: 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.5, 50 mM NaCl, 5 mM MgCl₂, 1 mM DTT, 1 mM PMSF, 30°C, 60 min. with substrates as indicated.

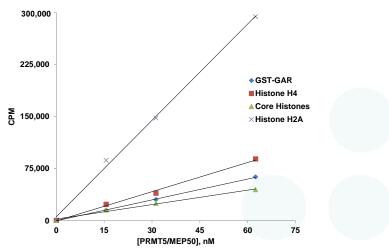
SUPPLIED AS: $_{\mu g/\mu l}$ total protein in 50 mM Tris/HCl, pH 8.0, 110 mM NaCl, 2.2 mM KCl, 3 mM TCEP, 20% (v/v) glycerol as determined by OD₂₈₀

STORAGE: -70°C. Thaw quickly and store on ice before use. The remaining, unused, undiluted enzyme should be refrozen quickly by, for example, snap freezing in a dry/ice ethanol bath or liquid nitrogen. Freezing and storage of diluted enzyme is not recommended.

REFERENCES: 1) T.L. Branscombe et al. J. Biol. Chem. 2001 **276** 32971; 2) S. Antonysamy et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 2012 **109** 17960; 3) M. Ho et al. PLOS One 2013 **8** e57008; 4) S.S. Wolf Cell Mol. Life Sci. 2009 **66** 2109; 5) V. Kharkanis et al. Trends Biochem. Sci. 2011 **36** 633; 6) S. Pal et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 2004 **24** 9630; 7) L. Wang et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 2008 **28** 6262; 8) P. Aggarwal et al. Cancer Cell 2010 **18** 329; 9) M.A. Powers et al. Cancer Res. 2011 **71** 5579; 10) T.Y. Wei et al. Cancer Sci. 2012 **103** 1640; 11) Z. Gu et al. Biochem. J. 2012 **446** 235; 12) X. Bao et al. J. Histochem. Cytochem. 2013 **61** 206;



Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE (4-12% acrylamide) 4 µg of RBC PRMT5/MEP50. MW markers (left) are, from top, 220, 160, 120, 100, 90, 80, 70, 60, 50, 40, 30, 25, 20, 15, 10 kDa.



Methyltransferase Activity of PRMT5/MEP50. Methylation determined as TCA-precipitable counts in a scintillation/filter plate assay. Reactions were 60 min., 30°C, with 1 μ M [³H]-SAM and 0.05 mg/mL (GST-GAR, H4, Core Histones) or 5 μ M (H2A) protein substrate.

This product is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic use in animals or in humans.

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